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title CP/M 2.2 BIOS -- A.D.C. SUPER QUAD - SUPER SIX SBC -- VERSION 2.22

;-----
; AUTHOR Marcus G. Calescibetta
; DATE October 15, 1983
; VERSION 2.22
;-----

.z80           ; M80 z80 code pseudo op

include      SUPRBIOS.LIB          ; contains all macros used

;-----
; INTERRUPT OR POLLED CONSOLE I/O
;-----

intrin      equ   true           ; intr con in  (Type ahead)
introut     equ   false          ; intr con out (Buff con output)

inbfsz       equ   32             ; buf siz for intr in, power of 2
outbfsz     equ   64             ; buf siz for intr out, power of 2

ints   equ   intrin or introut

;-----
; PARALLEL OR SERIAL PRINTER
;-----

parprnt     equ   true          ; true if par prn, false if ser prn

;-----
; CP/M PAGE 0 ADDRESSES
;-----

iobyte      equ   00003h         ; iobyte addr
cdisk equ   00004h          ; default disk and user number addr

;-----
; CP/M DEBLOCKING PARAMETERS
;-----

wrtuse      equ   0              ; write to previously allocated block
wrtdir      equ   1              ; write to directory (must flush)
wrtfre      equ   2              ; write to newly allocated block
rtrys equ   5                ; retry count in case of disk error

;-----
; FLOPPY CONTROLLER PORT ADDRESSES
;-----

fbase equ   0ch                ; base port addr of wd-1793 or wd-2793
fcmd  equ   fbase+0            ; command register
fstat equ   fbase+0            ; status register
ftrk  equ   fbase+1            ; track register

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fsec equ fbase+2 ; sector register
fdata equ fbase+3 ; data register
fwait equ 014h ; wait register
fdsd equ 014h ; density - size - drive register

;-----
; FLOPPY CONTROLLER COMMANDS
;-----

fstpr equ 002h ; floppy step rate (0,1,2 or 3)

frst equ 000h + fstpr ; restore hds
fsek equ 01ch + fstpr ; seek track
frd equ 084h ; read sector
fwrt equ 0a4h ; write sector
frda equ 0c4h ; read track id

;-----
; FLOPPY CONTROLLER BIT TESTERS
;-----

dden equ 08h ; double density (bit 3)
sden equ 00h ; single density (bit 3)
s5 equ 10h ; 5" floppy (bit 4)
s8 equ 00h ; 8" floppy (bit 4)
s0 equ 00h ; side select 0 (bit 2)
s1 equ 04h ; side select 1 (bit 2)

;-----
; HDC-1001 CONTROLLER PORT ADDRESSES
;-----

hbase equ 0e0h ; base port address of hdc-1001
hdata equ hbase+0 ; data register
herror equ hbase+1 ; error register
hwrtprt equ hbase+1 ; write pre-compensation register
hseccnt equ hbase+2 ; sector count register
hsec equ hbase+3 ; sector number register
hcyllow equ hbase+4 ; cylinder low register
hcylhi equ hbase+5 ; cylinder high register
hsdh equ hbase+6 ; size - drive - head register
hstatus equ hbase+7 ; status register port
hcmt equ hbase+7 ; command register port

;-----
; HDC-1001 COMMANDS
;-----

cmdrst equ 010h ; restore command
cmdrd equ 020h ; read sector command
cmdwrt equ 030h ; write sector command

;-----
; STATUS REGISTER BIT TESTERS
;
```

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;-----  

bsybit      equ    080h          ; busy bit  

rdybit      equ    040h          ; data request bit  

errbit      equ    001h          ; error bit  

;  

; SIO PORT ADDRESS  

;  

siobase      equ    0            ;  

sioad equ    siobase+0        ; SIO channel A data  

sioac equ    siobase+1        ; SIO channel A control/status  

siobd equ    siobase+2        ; SIO channel B data  

siobc equ    siobase+3        ; SIO channel B control/status  

;  

; PIO PORT ADDRESS  

;  

piobase      equ    4            ;  

pioad equ    piobase+0        ; PIO channel A data  

pioac equ    piobase+2        ; PIO channel A control  

piobd equ    piobase+1        ; PIO channel B data  

piobc equ    piobase+3        ; PIO channel B control  

;  

;-----  

; MEMORY CONTROL PORT  

;  

memry equ    16h              ; memory control port  

;  

;-----  

; LOCATION OF BIOS IN MEMORY  

;  

.phase      0EA00h          ; starting address of this bios  

;  

;-----  

; BIOS JUMP VECTOR  

;  

start:      jp    coldboot      ; cold start  

wboota:     jp    wboot        ; warm start  

    jp    const          ; console status  

    jp    conin          ; console character input  

    jp    conout         ; console character output  

    jp    list           ; list character output  

    jp    punch          ; punch character output  

    jp    reader         ; reader character output  

    jp    home           ; move head to home position  

    jp    seldsk         ; select disk  

    jp    settrk         ; set track number  

    jp    setsec         ; set sector number

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jp    setdma          ; set dma address
jp    read            ; read disk
jp    write           ; write disk
jp    listst          ; return list status
jp    sectran         ; sector translate

ccpstart:
dw    start-1600h     ; ccp  addr
bdosjmp:
dw    start-0dfah     ; bdos addr

;-----
; WARM BOOT TABLE
;-----

;

; filled in by CPMLDR
;
; contains entries of form dw track, dw first sector, dw last sector
; it is a map of where the image of the CCP and BDOS reside on disk
;

bootbl:::
dw    0,0,0          ; space for four entries
dw    0,0,0
dw    0,0,0
dw    0,0,0
dw    0              ; extra track to exit properly

;-----
; SERIAL INTERRUPT TABLE
;-----


;

; serial channel interrupt vector table
; contains one entry for each interrupt that
; can be generated by sio/dart
;

if    ints             ; interrupt driven i/o
ds    16-($-start) mod 16

serinttbl:
dw    intret          ; channel B transmitter buffer empty
dw    intret          ; channel B external interrupts
dw    intret          ; channel B receiver ready
dw    intret          ; channel B special receive interrupt

if    introuit
dw    tran0int        ; channel A transmitter buffer empty
else
dw    intret          ; channel A transmitter buffer empty
endif

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dw    intret           ; channel A external interrupts

if    intrin
dw    recv0int         ; channel A receiver ready
else
dw    intret           ; channel A receiver ready
endif

dw    recv0int         ; channel A special recieve interrupt
; dw    intret           ; channel A special receive interrupt
endif

;
; Console / List Vectors
;

const:
ld    D,0
jr    conjmp

conin:
ld    D,3
jr    conjmp

conout:
ld    D,6
jr    conjmp

list:
ld    D,9
jr    lstjmp

listst:
ld    D,0ch

lstjmp:
ld    A,(iobyte)
rlca
rlca           ;make 0-3
ld    HL,lsttbl
jr    jmp2

conjmp:
ld    A,(iobyte)
ld    HL,contbl
jmp2:
and   00000011b  ;get console field
jr    dskcon

reader:
ld    d,3
ld    hl,rdrtbl
ld    a,(iobyte)
jr    gordr

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punch:
    ld    d,6
    ld    hl,puntbl
    ld    a,(iobyte)
    rra
    rra
gordr:
    rra
    rra
    jr    jmp2

dskcon:
    add   a,a
    ld    e,a
    ld    a,d
    ld    d,0
    add   hl,de
    ld    d,(hl)
    inc   hl
    ld    e,a
    ld    a,(hl)
    ex    de,hl
jphl:
    jp    (hl)

;-----
; CONSOLE DRIVER TABLE
;-----

contbl    equ    $+1

        dw    cpu
        dw    cpu          ; default=serial 0
        db    1             ; alternate=serial 1
        db    0,0,0          ; space for two more console drivers

;-----
; LIST DRIVER TABLE
;-----


lsttbl    equ    $+1

        dw    cpu

        if parprnt
        dw    cpu+2          ; default=parallel
        db    1             ; alternate=serial 1
        else
        dw    cpu+1          ; default=serial 1
        db    2             ; alternate=parallel
        endif

        db    0,0,0

```

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;-----
; READER DRIVER TABLE
;-----

rdrtbl    equ    $+1

        dw    cpu
        dw    cpu+1           ; default=serial 1
        db    0                ; alternate=serial 0
        db    0,0,0             ; space for two more readers drivers

;-----
; PUNCH DRIVER TABLE
;-----


punttbl   equ    $+1

        dw    cpu
        dw    cpu+1           ; default=serial 1
        db    0                ; alternate=serial 0
        db    0,0,0,0            ; space for two more punch drivers

;-----
; WARM BOOT
;-----


;

; Wboot reads in the CCP and BDOS from the CPM.SYS file
; CPMLDR initializes the bootbl to be a list of items of
;
; track (dw), first sector(db), last sector(db)
;

wboot:
        ei

        ld    sp,0100h          ; set stack ptr at default dma  buf end

        call  flush              ; check if any good data to flush
        call  rstlvec            ; reset floppy login vector

        ld    c,0                ; load c-reg w. drive to boot off
        call  seldsk             ; sel drv A (use same drv bootbl frm)
        ld    a,h                ; check if sel drv returned illegal dph
        or    l                  ; or low byte w high byte
        jp    z,booterr          ; bad select if both zero

        ld    e,(hl)             ; put dph tran vec addr in de-reg
        inc    hl                ; inc ptr to tran vec addr
        ld    d,(hl)             ; now get high byte of tran vec addr
        ld    (bootxlt),de       ; save tran vec addr

        ld    hl,(ccpstart)      ; ccp start is where to put first sec

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ld    iy,bootbl-6      ; bt tbl has loc of ccp & bdos on dsk
nxttrk:
push  hl               ; save reg we use, cause calls clobber

ld    de,6
add   iy,de
ld    c,(iy)
ld    b,(iy+1)          ; point to nxt entry in bt tbl
                        ; six bytes per entry
                        ; put track no. in bc-reg
                        ; each entry is a word

ld    a,b
or    c
jr    z,bootdone        ; check if trk is zero
                        ; or high and low byte together
                        ; if trk = zero then done

call  setattr

ld    c,(iy+2)
ld    b,(iy+3)
dec   bc
ld    (nextsc),bc       ; get nxt sec to rd frm bt tbl
                        ; even sectors are stored as words
                        ; pre decrement it, increment later
                        ; save it

nxtsec:
pop   bc
push  bc
call  setdma            ; ccp addr is tos, put in bc for setdma
                        ; save ccp current addr on stack
                        ; set dma addr as ccp cur addr

scf
ccf
ld    bc,(nextsc)        ; clear carry flag, first set it to 1
inc   bc                ; then complement it, now zero for sbc

ld    l,(iy+4)
ld    h,(iy+5)
sbc   hl,bc
pop   hl
jr    c,nxttrk          ; get next sector to read
                        ; update it, this is where we inc later

ld    l,(iy+4)
ld    h,(iy+5)
sbc   hl,bc
pop   hl
jr    c,nxttrk          ; cmp w nxt sec to rd
                        ; fix stack in case done w. trk
                        ; if lst sec to rd = nxt sec, dne w trk

ld    (nextsc),bc        ; save updated next sector
ld    de,128
add   hl,de
push  hl                ; update ccp curr addr
                        ; we rd 128 byte sec at a time
                        ; save updated ccp on stack

ld    de,(bootxlt)
call  sectran            ; now do actual read of sector
                        ; ld de w tran vec addr, bc w. sec no
ld    c,l
ld    b,h
call  setsec             ; translated sector returned in hl
                        ; put sector no in bc for setsec
                        ; setsec to read
call  read
or    a
jr    nz,booterr          ; read sec, and put at ccp curr addr
                        ; check if read returned an error
                        ; if error then exit warm boot
                        ; else loop to get next sector

bootdone:
ld    a,0c3h              ; set page zero jump vectors

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ld    (00),a           ; jp instruction = 0c3h
ld    hl,wboota        ; load hl w. warm boot address
ld    (01h),hl          ; loc. 0 = jp wboota

ld    (05),a           ; set bdos jump vector
ld    hl,(bdosjmp)     ; ld hl w. bdos start addr
ld    (06h),hl          ; loc. 5 = jp bdos

ld    a,(cdisk)        ; pass current drive and user to ccp
ld    c,a               ; ccp expects drv in c-reg

ld    hl,(ccpstart)    ; set up for jp (hl)
jp    (hl)              ; go to CP/M

nextsc:   dw 0          ; nxt sec to rd during wboot
bootxlt: dw 0          ; translate vector address

booterr:
    ld    hl,badbootmsg ; let user know whats going on
    call pmsg            ; send msg to console
    halt                 ; halt cpu so must reset system

badbootmsg:
    db    0dh,0ah,'Warm boot error-reset system'
crlf:
    db    0dh,0ah,'$'

;
; Console/list drivers
; All have entry A=driver number, other parameters per CP/M
; A=0 serial port 0; A=1 serial port 1; A=2 parallel (list only)
;
; standard console/list routines for CPU serial ports
;

cpuio      equ    ((($ AND 0FF00H) + 0100H) - $)
ds        cpuio,0

cpu:
    jp    pserin          ;
    jp    serin            ; these three go direct to serial
    jp    serout           ;
    jp    lstout            ;
    jp    pollst           

pserin:
;
;      poll serial in-return A=0ff if char ready, else 0
;

    add   A,A
    if    intrin

```

```

jr    z,polbuf           ; for first serial port
endif

inc   A                  ; A = command port
ld    C,A
in    A, (C)
and   1
ret   z                  ; no character waiting
ld    A,0ffh
ret

if    intrin
polbuf:
ld    hl,(outptri)        ; get pointers input and output locs in
buffer
ld    a,h
sub   l                  ; any thing in buffer
ret   z                  ; nothing there
ld    a,0ffh              ; there is something
ret
endif

serin:
ld    B,A
call  pserin
ld    A,B
jr    z,serin            ; loop until character received
add   A,A

if    intrin
jr    z,bufin             ; for first serial port
endif

ld    C,A
in    A, (C)
and   7fh                ; mask high order bit
ret

if    intrin
bufin:
di    ; disable interrupts for saftey
ld    h,0                 ; make into offset to retrieve from
ld    de,inpbuff          ; get address of buffer
add   hl,de               ; get address
ld    a,l                 ; update pointer
inc   a
and   inbfsz-1
ld    (outptri),a
ei    ; ok to turn interrupts on now
ld    a,(hl)               ; get char
ret   ; all done

recv0int:
ld    (svstk),SP          ; save user stack pointer

```

```

ld    SP,locstk
push HL           ; save registers
push DE
push AF
ld    HL,(outptri)      ; check if overflow
inc  H
ld    A,L
and  inbfsz-1
cp   H
jò   nz,rcv0±      ; skip if rooí foò more
IN   A,(0)          ; clear input port
xor  A              ; clear channel no.
ld    C,07            ; send bell
call serout
jr   rcv02          ; exit

rcv01:
ld    de,(inptri)      ; get pointer to store address
ld    d,0
ld    hl,inpbuff       ; get address of base of buffer
add  hl,de            ; find next address in buffer
in   a,(0)            ; get input char
and  7fh              ; mask out parity
ld    (hl),a           ; save char
ld    a,l              ; update pointer
inc  a
and  inbfsz-1
ld    (inptri),a

rcv02:
pop AF
pop DE
pop HL           ; restore registers
ld    SP,(svstk)
endif

if    ints            ; enable for bad interrupts
intret:
ei               ; enable interrupts
reti             ; return from interrupt
endif

serout:
ld    B,C            ; character to output
add  A,A

if    introut
jr   z,bufout        ; for first serial port if interrupts
endif

inc  A
ld    C,A

serst:
in   A,(C)
and  4

```

```

jr    z,serst
dec   C
out   (C),B
ret

if    introut
bufout:
di      ; kill interrupts for a bit
ld    hl,(inptr) ; get buffer pointers
ld    a,l          ; anything in buffer
sub   h
jr    z,chkout    ; if not go check if anything in transmitter
ei      ; interrupts on again for a bit
bfot1:
ld    hl,(inptr) ; get buffer pointers
inc   l          ; any room in buffer
ld    a,l
and   outbfsz-1
sub   h
jr    z,bfot1    ; wait if not
di      ; turn interrupts off some more
dec   l
ld    h,0          ; set up pointer into buffer
ld    de,outbuf
add   hl,de
ld    (hl),c        ; put char into buffer
ld    a,l          ; update input pointer
inc   a
and   outbfsz-1
ld    (inptr),a
ei      ; interrupts on
ret      ; and return

chkout:
in    a,(1)        ; get transmitter status
and   4            ; is transmitter empty
jr    z,bfot1    ; if not go put char into buffer
ld    a,c          ; otherwise send char
out   (0),a
ei      ; and now return with interrupts on
ret

tran0int:
ld    (svstk),SP    ; save user stack pointer
ld    SP,locstk
push  HL           ; save registers
push  DE
push  AF
ld    hl,(inptr)    ; anything more to send
ld    a,l
sub   h
jr    z,trret    ; if not leave
ld    l,h          ; get address of next char to send
ld    h,0

```

```

ld    de,outbuf
add   hl,de
ld    a,(hl)           ; get char to send
out   (0),a            ; send it
inc   l                ; update pointer
ld    a,l
and   outbfsz-1
ld    (outptro),a
jr    trint1
trret:
ld    a,28h            ; reset tx interrupt
out   (1),a
trint1:
if    intrin
jp    rcv02            ; if interrupt input use that return
else
pop   AF                ; restore registers
pop   DE
pop   HL
ld    SP,(svstk)
ei    ; interrupts back on
reti  ; and return
endif  ; intrin
endif  ; introut

;
;      these are the drivers modified for use with the printer
;

lstout:
cp    2                ; parallel?
jr    z,plist
ld    B,A              ; must be serial
ld    E,C
lstot1:
call  plserout
or    A
ld    A,B
jr    z,lstot1
dec   C
out   (C),E
ret

pollst:
cp    2
jr    z,polplist

plserout:
add   A,A              ; serial out poll for prn-chk bsy line
inc   A
ld    C,A
ld    A,10h             ; rset DART latch to get bsy cur val
out   (C),A
in    A,(C)

```

```

and 0ch
cp 0ch
ld A,0ffh
ret z
cpl
ret

polplist:

;
; parallel printer driver poll
;

ld A,(frstpar)      ; first time parallel called?
or A
jr z,noinit         ; no, interface already initialized
out (pioac),A        ; set channel A to output
ld A,0cfh
out (piobc),A        ; set channel B to bit mode
ld A,00011111b       ; bit 7-5 output, 4-0 input
out (piobc),A
xor A
out (piobd),A
ld (frstpar),A       ; reset first
noinit:
in A,(piobd)
and 1                ; test busy bit
ret z                ; printer busy
ld A,0ffh
ret                 ; printer not busy

plist:                  ; parallel printer driver
call polplist
or A
jr z,plist
ld A,C
out (pioad),A        ; character on PIO A channel
ld A,80h
out (piobd),A        ; strobe printer
xor A
out (piobd),A        ; reset strobe
ret

frstpar: db 0fh          ; frst init code for parallel
                           ; prn flg that PIO has not been init
;-----
; SELECT DISK
;-----

seldsk:
ld a,c                ; c contains logical drive no.
ld (sekdrv),a          ; save it to see if drives changed
ld hl,drvmap-6         ; convert logical drv to dphadr

```

```

        ld    de,006           ; size of drive map entry
dphlp:
        add   hl,de           ; point to start of drive map
        dec   a                ; drv map addr point to dph s
        jp    p,dphlp         ; loop until at correct drv map entry
        ld    (smapadr),hl     ; save current drv map addr for chkown

        ld    a,(hl)           ; check if logical drive configured
        cp    0ffh              ; if =0ff then illegal drive
        jr    z,badsel         ; return w. zero in hl

        inc   hl               ; point to phy drv entry in map
        inc   hl               ; point to dph addr entry in drv map
        ld    e,(hl)           ; put dph addr into d and e
        inc   hl               ; now high byte
        ld    d,(hl)           ; save it in d
        push  de               ; save dph addr on stack for exit

        call  chkhrd           ; check if hard disk
        jr    z,movddb          ; if hard then dont try to login fpy

        call  logfpy            ; login fpy (get dsk den, set dpb ect.)
        jr    z,movddb          ; jmp ovr bad sel if fpy now logged in
        pop   hl               ; could not login floppy, clean stack

badsel:
        ld    hl,0              ; return w. bad select value
        ret

movddb:
        call  getddb            ; get addr of dsk deblk blk in hl

        ld    de,dbconst         ; move dblk pars to usage area
        ld    bc,13d              ; 14 bytes of dblk pars
        ldir                         ; move as block

        pop   hl               ; restore dph addr to hl

        ret

;-----
; SET DMA
;-----

setdma:
        ld    (dmaadr),bc        ; save dma addr here
        ret

;-----
; HOME
;-----

home:

```

```

        ld      bc,0          ; fall through to setattrk

;-----
; SET TRACK
;-----

setattrk:

        ld      (sektrk),bc    ; bc contains selected track no.
        ret

;-----
; SECTOR TRANSLATION
;-----

sectran:
        ld      a,d          ; de contains sec trn vec addr
        or      e             ; chk if zero
        jr      z,sectrnx     ; if de =0 then no tran

        ex      de,hl          ; put tran vector address in hl
        add    hl,bc          ; add in sector no. offset
        ld      c,(hl)         ; get translated sector number
        ld      b,0            ; trn sec no range, 256 > sec no. >= 0
sectrnx:
        ld      l,c            ; return tran or non-tran sec no. in hl
        ld      h,b            ; now high byte of sectro no.
        ret

;-----
; SET SECTOR
;-----

setsec:
        ld      (seksec),bc    ; bc contains selected sector no.
        ret

;-----
; READ SECTOR
;-----

read:
        xor    a               ; clear accumulator
        ld     (rtcnt),a       ; reset retry count
        ld     a,1              ; set operation to read
        ld     (oper),a         ; save it for when we do xfer

        call   debblk          ; deblock phy sec, buf adr, and blk sec
        call   inbuf           ; check if new sector is in buf
        call   xfer             ; transfer data out of buf into dma

        ld     a,(rtcnt)        ; if rtcnt not zero then error

        ret

```

```

;-----
; WRITE SECTOR
;-----

write:
    xor   a           ; set operation to write
    ld    (oper),a    ; save it for when we do xfer
    ld    (rtcnt),a   ; reset operation retry count

    ld    a,c         ; enter w. containing write type
    ld    (wrtytyp),a ; save for write to directory check
    cp    wrtfre      ; check if write to free block
    jp    nz,useblk   ; jump if write to used block

freblk:
    call  deblk       ; deblock phy sec, buf adr, and blk sec
    call  flush        ; flush buffer of previous contents
    call  rsetusg     ; set all block records as free
    call  sethst      ; set hst vars to deblk vars
    call  xfer         ; transfer dat out of dma into buf
    call  update       ; update usage vars to show blk used
    jp    dirchk      ; check if directory write

useblk:
    call  deblk       ; deblock phy sec, buf adr, and blk sec
    call  inbuf        ; check if sec in buff, if not get it
    call  xfer         ; transfer data out of buf into dma
    call  update       ; update usage vars to show blk used

dirchk:
    ld    a,(rtcnt)   ; check if error on write
    and  a            ; if err, don't set write pend flg
    jr   nz,wrtend   ; jmp over flush if err

    ld    a,0ffh       ; always a write pending after a write
    ld    (wrtpnd),a   ; set write pending flag

    ld    a,(wrtytyp) ; check if write to directory
    cp    wrtdir      ; compare with write directory var
    call  z,flush     ; if wrtytyp = wrtdir then flush buf

wrtend:
    ld    a,(rtcnt)   ; pass bdos 0 if no err, not 0 if err
    ret

;-----
; DEBLOCK PHY SEC, BUF ADDR, BLK SEC
;-----

deblk:
    ld    a,(pdrv)    ; get phy drv from dsk deblk parameters
    ld    (sekprv),a   ; save it as sek phy drv

    ld    a,(secshf)   ; convert sek sec to phy sec
    ld    de,(seksec)  ; secshf is log2 cpm sps
    call  shfr16       ; shift de-reg, a-reg times
    ld    a,(hstspt_1) ; de now contains sec rel to cyl

```

```

and    e          ; mask for sec rel to platter
ld     (dsec),a   ; save it as deblocked sector

ld     a,(hdshf)  ; convert seksec to phy head
ld     de,(seksec) ; hdshf is log2 cpm spt
call   shfr16     ; hd no is high bits, so no msk needed
ld     a,(hdoff)  ; add in head off set for partitioning
add    a,e        ; cartridge drv must be part. by hds
ld     (dhd),a   ; save it as deblocked head no.

lä    a,(cpmsps_1@)  » converô sekseã ti hsô buæ no.
ld     de,(seksec)  ; mask out low order bits of sec no
and   e           ; since buf no <= 8, need only lsb
ld     e,a         ; mul buf no x128 to get rel adr in buf
ld     d,0          ; zero out high order of multiplicant

ld     a,7          ; convert hst buf no. to hst buf adr
call  shfl16      ; mult by 128 (shift lf 7)
ld     hl,hstbuf   ; base addr of hst buf
add   hl,de        ; add in offset
ld     (dadr),hl   ; save it as deblocked buf addr

ld     a,(blkshf)  ; convert seksec to blk no.
ld     de,(seksec) ; blkshf = log2 cpm spb, what we are
call  shfr16      ; doing is, bl=int(sesc/cpmsp)
ld     (dblck),de   ; save as blk no. on this trk

ld     a,(hstspb_1) ; convert seksec to hst sec no. in blk
ld     de,(dsec)    ; must use sec just deblocked
and   e           ; and deblk sec w. hst spb
ld     (dblsec),a   ; save it as deblocked block sec

ret

;-----
; CHECK IF NEW SEC IS IN BUF
;-----

inbuf:
ld     a,(sekdrv)  ; check if new drv = old drv
ld     hl,hstdrv   ; first check if log drives are same
cp     (hl)         ; compare w. last accessed drv
jp     nz,difblk   ; if drvs are dif, then so is blk

ld     de,(sektrk)  ; check if new trk = old trk
ld     hl,(hsttrk)  ; this is the old trk
call  cmp16        ; so far drv same
jp     nz,difblk   ; if trks are dif, then so is blk

ld     a,(dhd)      ; check if new head = old head
ld     hl,hsthd    ; so far drv, trk same
cp     (hl)         ; if dif hd, could be
jp     nz,ckblk    ; same blk if blk size > phy trk siz

```

```

ld    a, (dsec)          ; check if new sec = old sec
ld    hl,hstsec          ; this is the old sec
cp    (hl)               ; so far drv, trk, hd same
jp    nz,ckblk           ; could be same blk even if dif sec

call  sethst             ; everything same, set buf addr though

ret

ckblk:
ld    hl,(dblck)         ; check if new sec is in same blk
ld    de,(hstblk)         ; if the new blk equal old blk
call  cmp16               ; then do not reset usage vars
jp    nz,difblk           ; regardless fall through to prerd

samblk:
call  flush               ; sam blk, but dif blk sec so flush old
ld    hl,usgblk           ; check if this sec free in block
ld    de,(dblsec)          ; look in block usage vector
ld    d,0                  ; index down to correct entry in vector
add   hl,de                ; hl now contains addr of blk usg entry

ld    b,(hl)              ; get blk usage flag
ld    a,(oper)            ; get oper
or    b                   ; if (sec not fre) or (oper is read)
jp    nz,prerd             ; then need to pre-read sector

nprerd:
call  sethst             ; sector not allocated
ret

difblk:
call  flush               ; flush any old stuff out
call  setusg               ; sector not in block

prerd:
call  sethst             ; sector in blk but alloc, or dif blk
call  rdhst               ; read in new setor
ret

;-----
; FLUSH HOST BUFFER
;-----

flush:
ld    a,(wrtpnd)          ; check if host buffer active
and   a                   ; wrtpnd =0 if inactive, =0ff if active
call  nz,wrthst            ; physically flush buffer if active

xor   a                   ; clear write pending
ld    (wrtpnd),a           ; host buffer now in active

ret

;-----
; SET DEBLOCKED VARS TO HOST VARS
;
```

```

;-----

sethst:
    ld    hl,sekvars+2          ; blk move sek & dblk vars to hst vars
    ld    de,hstvars           ; dont need seksec so sekvars+2
    ld    bc,16d                ; this is how many to move
    ldir                  ; set host variables
    ret

;-----
; TRANSFER DATA TO/FROM BUFFER AND DMA
;-----

xfer:
    ld    bc,080h              ; transfer 128 bytes
    ld    de,(dmaadr)          ; load cpm addr (dma addr storage)
    ld    hl,(hstadr)          ; load buf addr

    ld    a,(oper)             ; check if read or write operation
    or    a                     ; oper =0 if read, =1 if write
    jp    nz,transf            ; jump if read

    ex    de,hl                ; read operation so switch directions
transf:
    ldir                  ; send 128 byte block

    ret

;-----
; SET OR RESET BLOCK USAGE FLAGS
;-----

rsetusg:
    ld    b,0                  ; set all block sectors in blk to free
    jp    setblk               ; sec in blk not allocated if =0
setusg:
    ld    b,0ffh               ; set all block sectors in blk to used
setblk:
    ld    a,(hstspb_1)          ; get no of host sector per block
    ld    hl,usgblk             ; get addr of blk sector usage vector
setflg:
    ld    (hl),b                ; set or reset block usage flag
    inc   hl                  ; point to next flag loc
    dec   a                   ; dec count of block sectors to go
    jp    p,setflg             ; loop if more to set
    ret

;-----
; UPDATE BLOCK USAGE VARIABLES
;-----

update:
    ld    de,(blksec)           ; we have just written to a sec in blk
    ld    d,0                  ; so set block sec usage flag to used

```

```

ld    hl,usgblk      ; first point to flag
add  hl,de           ; de contains sector no. in block
ld    a,0ffh          ; 0ff means sector in block is not free
ld    (hl),a          ; set flag
ret

;-----
; WRITE HOST
;-----

wrthst:
    call  chkhhrd      ; check if host logical dsk is hard dsk
    jr    z,hwrthst    ; jmp if hard to hard wrt host else fpy

fwrthst:
    call  fsettsk      ; set up cntr reg & gen housekeeping
    call  fwrtsec      ; write sector to floppy
    call  retries       ; check floppy cntr status for errors
    jr    nz,fwrthst   ; loop if error
    ret

hwrthst:
    call  hsettsk      ; set up hdc1001 ctrlr registers
    call  hwrtsec      ; send wrt cmd and data to ctrlr
    call  retries       ; chk hdc1001 status for errors
    jp    nz,hwrthst   ; loop if error
    ret

;-----
; READ HOST
;-----

rdhst:
    call  chkhhrd      ; chk host dsk selected is hard disk
    jr    z,hrdhst     ; set zero flag if hard disk

frdhst:
    call  fsettsk      ; set controller reg & do housekeeping
    call  frdsec        ; read a sector from floppy
    call  retries       ; chk status for errors
    jr    nz,frdhst    ; loop if error and under retry count
    ret

hrdhst:
    call  hsettsk      ; first set up controller registers
    call  hrdsec        ; transfer data
    call  retries       ; check for errors
    jp    nz,hrdhst    ; retries sets zero flg if no errors
    ret

;-----
; HARD DISK SET TASK
;-----

```

```

hsettsk:
    ld    a, (hstprv)      ; get physical drive no.
    ld    b,a               ; save in b so can use a for mem fetch
    sla   b                 ; rotate phy drive to correct position
    sla   b                 ; drive is expected in bits 3 and 4
    sla   b                 ; last shift for drive
    ld    a, (hstsdh)       ; get sdh sect size setting
    or    b                 ; or it in w. rotated phy drive no
    ld    b,a               ; save result in b
    ld    a, (hsthds)       ; get host head no.
    or    b                 ; or it in w. drv and sec siz
    out   (hsdh),a          ; send it siz drv hd register

    ld    bc, (hsttrk)      ; host track is really host cylinder
    ld    a,b               ; move msb to a-reg for out inst
    out   (hcylhi),a          ; send high byte to cylhi reg
    ld    a,c               ; move lsb to a-reg
    out   (hcyllow),a          ; send to cyl low

    ld    a, (hstsec)       ; get host sector no
    out   (hsec),a            ; send to sector register

    ret

;-----
; FLOPPY DISK SET TASK
;-----

```

```

fsettsk:
    ld    a, (hstsds)       ; get dsd setting
    res   2,a               ; reset no. of sides on drive (0-1)
    ld    bc, (hsthds)       ; get deblocked head
    ld    b,c               ; save it in b-reg
    sla   c                 ; rotate it to correcd dsd-reg setting
    sla   c                 ; bit 2 is where head select goes
    or    c                 ; or hd sel w. phy drv, den, & drv siz
    out   (fdsd),a            ; send it to floppy controller reg

    ld    hl, trkvec        ; trk vec contains hd loc of ldrv
    ld    de, (hstlrv)        ; get logical drive no.
    ld    d,0                ; prepare for double add
    add   hl,de              ; add in logical drive as offset
    ld    a, (hl)              ; get track no. where head positioned
    out   (ftrk),a            ; set trk reg to current hd position

    ld    d,a                ; check if seek needed, d =last trk
    ld    a, (hstlrv)        ; get new drive
    ld    e,a                ; e =drive to seek

    ld    a, (lastdrv)       ; last drive
    cp    e                  ; drive to seek
    jr    nz,diftrk          ; do seek to reload heads

    ld    a, (lasthd)         ; get last head used

```

```

cp    b          ; cmp w. new hd sel saved at begining
jr    nz,diftrk ; if hds are dif, must do sek to ld hds

ld    a,(hsttrk) ; hds, drv same, chk if trks same
cp    d          ; cmp new trk w. old trk
jr    z,samtrk  ; if trks dif, must do sek to new trk

diftrk:
ld    a,e        ; save new drive as old drive
ld    (lastdrv),a ; this will mak sure we ld hds if need
ld    a,b        ; save new head as old head
ld    (lasthd),a ; see you next time around

ld    a,(hsttrk) ; trk to seek passed in a-reg
ld    (hl),a      ; save it in trk vec as new hd position
call  fseek      ; go find track

samtrk:
ld    a,(hstsec) ; now set sector no. reg.
ld    b,a        ; save sec. to rd/wrt in b-reg
ld    a,(hstsdh) ; check density of dsk
bit   3,a        ; density is bit 3
jr    z,fsndsec  ; jmp ovr if single density
inc   b          ; dbl den, so mak sec no frm 0-7 to 1-8

fsndsec:
ld    a,b        ; put sec no back in a-reg
out   (fsec),a  ; send it to fpy controller sec reg
ret

;-----
; HARD DISK WRITE SECTOR
;-----

hwrtsec:
ld    a,cmdwrt   ; load a-reg w. cmd to wrt sec
out   (hcmd),a  ; send wrt cmd to hdc-1001
call  snddata   ; send data to cmd reg
call  polbsy    ; wait until contrller done w. wrt
ret

;-----
; HARD DISK READ SECTOR
;-----

hrdsec:
ld    a,cmdrd    ; load a with command to read sector
out   (hcmd),a  ; send read command to command reg
call  polbsy    ; wait until not busy
call  rxdta     ; transfer data from cnt buf to hst buf
ret

;-----
; SEND DATA

```

```

;-----

snddta:
    ld    a,(hstsiz)      ; this is how many bytes
    ld    b,a              ; set up for otir
    ld    c,hdata          ; this is where the data comes fr
    ld    hl,hstbuf        ; this is where the data goes
    otir                   ; block move data in c to (hl)

    ld    a,(hstsiz+1)    ; check if moving 512 bytes
    and   2                ; msb =2 if 512, set flag if not zero
    jp    z,sndout         ; if zero then move another 256 bytes
    otir                   ; b is already 0, hl and c are set

sndout:
    ret

;-----
; RECIEVE DATA
;-----


rxdata:
    ld    a,(hstsiz)      ; this is how many bytes to move
    ld    b,a              ; set up for inir
    ld    c,hdata          ; this is where the data comes from
    ld    hl,hstbuf        ; this is where the data goes
    inir                   ; block move data into hst buf

    ld    a,(hstsiz+1)    ; check if moving 512 bytes
    and   2                ; msb would be 2 if 512 bytes
    jp    z,rxout          ; jump over if moveing 128 or 256 only
    inir                   ; b should be zero, hl and c set also

rxout:
    ret

;-----
; POLL BUSY
;-----


polbsy:
    in    a,(hstatus)     ; read status port
    and   a                ; set flags
    jp    m,polbsy        ; loop if busy bit set
    and   errbit           ; mask for error bit
    ret

;-----
; SET RETRY CONDITION
;-----


retry:
    call  chkhhrd
    jr    z,hretry

fretry:

```

```

        in    a,(fstat)
        and   a
        jr    z,rtout
        jr    rterr

hretry:
        in    a,(hstatus)      ; read status register
        and   errbit           ; mask for error bit
        jr    z,rtout          ; jump to exit rtry

rterr:
        ld    a,(rtcnt)        ; get no. of retrys so far
        inc   a                ; increment retry count
        ld    (rtcnt),a         ; save it for next time
        cp    rtrys             ; set not z flg, unless rtcnt = rtrys
        ret   nz               ; return w. flag set or reset

        xor   a                ; clear write pending flag
        ld    (wrtpnd),a         ; don't try and flush buffer if wrt err

        ld    bc,0ffffh
        ld    (hstrk),bc
        ret

rtout:
        xor   a                ; clear zero flag
        ld    (rtcnt),a         ; clear retry cnt in case had to retry

        ret                   ; return w. no errors

;-----
; CHECK IF HARD DRIVE SELECTED
;-----

ckhhrd:
        ld    hl,(smapadr)      ; load hl w. seek drive's map addr
        ld    a,(hl)             ; first entry is drive type
        and   a                 ; hard disk =0, ret w. z-flg set if hrd
        ret

;-----
; CHECK IF HOST DRIVE IS HARD DISK
;-----

chkhhrd:
        ld    hl,(hmapadr)      ; load hl w. hst drive's map addr
        ld    a,(hl)             ; fetch drive type byte
        and   a                 ; set z-flag if hard disk
        ret

;-----
; LOGIN FLOPPY DRIVE
;-----

```

```

logfpy:
    ld    hl,logvec          ; load hl w. login vec base addr
    ld    de,(sekdrv)         ; fetch logical drv no.
    ld    d,0                 ; zero out high byte to prep for dbl add
    add   hl,de               ; add in offset to login vector

    ld    a,(hl)              ; get log vec entry for logical drv
    ld    (sdhdsd),a          ; put in working var in case alrdy loged
    bit   7,a                ; logvec (ldrv) =0ff if not loged in

    push  hl                 ; save login vector addr
    jr    z,logedin          ; jmp ovr if already logged in

flogin:
    call  getds              ; get fpy drv siz (8-5) & pdrv # (0-3)
    call  frestore            ; restore fpy drv hds
    jr    nz,logerr           ; ret if drv not rdv for select error

    cali  getden              ; get dsk density (sgl-dbl)
    call  getsd               ; get number of sides on dsk (0-1)
    call  setdpb               ; set dpb addr in dph to ind. den & sd
    call  settrn               ; set sec trn vec adr in dph if sgl den

logedin:
    call  setddb              ; set ddb addr in drv map

    pop   hl                 ; restore logvec addr
    ld    a,(sdhdsd)          ; put new dsd reg setting in a-reg
    ld    (hl),a               ; save it as a logvec entry
    xor   a
    ret

logerr:
    pop   hl                 ; clean stack and return w. nz set
    ret

;-----
; GET DRV SIZE AND PHY DRV NO. FROM DRV MAP
;-----

getds:
    ld    hl,(smapadr)        ; point to drvtyp in dmap
    ld    a,(hl)              ; put drive type in a-reg
    cp    2                   ; if =2 then 5"- 96 tpi fpy drv
    ld    b,0                 ; b-reg contains dsd setting
    jr    z,dsiz596            ; jmp to 96 tpi set-up
    jr    c,dsiz548            ; if =1 then 5" - 48 tpi fpy drv

dsiz8:
    jr    getpdrv             ; if =3 then 8" fpy drv

dsiz596:
    set   5,b                 ; set bit 5 to indicate 96 tpi

dsiz548:
    set   4,b                 ; set bit 4 to indicate 5" fpy

getpdrv:
    inc   hl                 ; phy drv no. is second entry in dmap
    ld    a,(hl)              ; put phy drv no. in a-reg

```

```

        or     b          ; or in drive size bit setting
        ld     (sdhdsd),a   ; save it in den - dsiz - dno
        out    (fdsd),a     ; set floppy den,dsiz,dno in controller

        ret

;-----
; GET DISK DENSITY
;-----

getden:
        ld     a,1          ; do sek to trk 1, sgl den
        call  settkv
        call  fseek
        reo   z            ; return if succesful (dsk is sgl den)

dbldens:
        ld     hl,sdhdsd   ; else assume dbl den (saves time)
        set   3,(hl)       ; set double density bit setting
        ret

;-----
; GET NUMBER OF SIDES
;-----

getsd:
        ld     a,(sdhdsd)  ; get dsd reg setting as calc so far
        bit   3,a          ; test if single density
        ret   z            ; if bit 3 =0, then sgl den

        set   2,a          ; set side select bit
        out   (fdsd),a     ; send it to the floppy controller

        ld     a,1          ; do seek, trk 1, side 1
        call  settkv
        call  fseekntst   ; sek w.out rdy tst, (never rdy if 1 sd)
        ret   nz           ; jump ovr if error on sek

        call  frdadrs      ; must rd adr to get side #
        ret   nz           ; sgl hd drvs rd hd0 when hd1 selected

        ld     a,(sideno)  ; get side # from track id buffer
        and   a             ; if side # =0 when hd1 selected then
        ret   z            ; ret if single headed drive

        ld     hl,sdhdsd   ; sek to trk 1, side 1 OK
        set   2,(hl)
        ret

;-----
; SET DPB IN DPH
;-----

setdpb:
        call  getdph        ; get dph adr of sekldr in hl

```

```

        ld    de,0ah           ; pnt to dpb entry of dph
        add   hl,de            ; dbp addr in dph is 10th entry
        push  hl               ; save addr of dpb address on stk
tstsiz:
        ld    a,(sdhdsd)       ; fetch dsd register setting

        ld    hl,fdbpb8        ; ld hl w. dpb base for 8" floppy
        bit   4,a              ; check drv siz bit
        jr    z,tstden          ; jump if 8" drv

        ld    hl,fdbpb548       ; ld hl w. dpb base for 5"-48 tpi fp
        bit   5,a              ; check 96 tpi bit (** not standard **)
        jr    z,tstden          ; jump if 48 tpi drive

        lä   hl,fdbpb596        ; ld hl w. dpb base for 5"-96 tpi fp
tstden:
        bit   3,a              ; test density bit of dsd
        jr    z,movdpb          ; sgl den dpb = dpb base

setdd:
        ld    de,15d            ; double den, sgl side is next dpb
        add   hl,de            ; index down to next ddb
tstsid:
        bit   2,a              ; test if double sided
        jr    z,movdpb          ; hl is pointing to dbl den, sgl sd

setds:
        add   hl,de            ; dbl den, dbl side is next dpb

movdpb:
        pop   de               ; this is where dpb addr goes in dph
        ex    de,hl            ; de =dpb addr, hl =loc in dph of dpb
        ld    (hl),e            ; save low byte of addr in dph
        inc   hl               ; inc pointer to high byte of addr
        ld    (hl),d            ; save high byte of addr in dph
        ret

;-----
; SET TRANSLATION VECTOR ADDRESS IN DPH
;-----

settran:
        call  getdph             ; return w dph addr in hl-reg

        ld    a,(sdhdsd)         ; get dsd setting
        bit   3,a              ; chk denisty bit
        ld    de,0               ; initalize de-reg w. tran vec addr
        jr    nz,sett            ; jump if double density, (no trn vec)

        ld    de,tran8            ; initalize tran vec addr for 8" tran
        bit   4,a              ; chk drive size bit, =0 for 8", =1 5"
        jr    z,sett             ; jump if 8" drive

        ld    de,tran548          ; init tran vec addr for 5-48tpi sglden
        bit   5,a              ; check bit 5 for 96 tpi drive
        jr    z,sett             ; jump if 48 tpi drive

```

```

        ld    de,tran596      ; de gets 5"-96 tpi sgl den tran vec
sett:
        ld    (hl),e          ; save tran vec addr as #1 entry in dph
        inc   hl              ; vec addr is a word
        ld    (hl),d          ; now store high byte
        ret

;-----
; SET DDB IN DRIVE MAP
;-----

setddb:
        ld    a,(sdhdsd)     ; need this to fig what kind of dsk
        ld    hl,fddb8        ; init hl for 8" sgl sid, sgl den
        bit   4,a             ; check bit 4 for siz, 8"=0, 5"=1
        jr    z, setddd        ; jump to density chk if 8" drv

        ld    hl,fddb548      ; init hl w 5"-48 tpi sgl sid, den
        bit   5,a             ; check bit 5 for tpi, 0=48tpi, 1=96tpi
        jr    z, setddd        ; jump to chk den if 48 tpi

        ld    hl,fddb596      ; set hl w. 5"96tpi ddb addr
setddd:
        bit   3,a             ; chk bit 3 for density, 0=sgl 1=dbl
        jr    z,mvddb          ; jmp if sgl, hl alrdy has addr
        ld    de,13            ; point to next ddb, (sgl sid, dbl den)
        add   hl,de            ; add in offset to next ddb

        bit   2,a             ; chk # sides, 0 =1 side, 1 =2 side
        jr    z,mvddb          ; jump ovr if sgl sided
        add   hl,de            ; add in offset again for next ddb

mvddb:
        push  hl              ; save ddp addr
        ld    hl,(smapadr)    ; destination of ddb addr is in dmap
        ld    de,4              ; fourth entry of logical drv in dmap
        add   hl,de            ; hl now has dmap addr destination
        pop   de              ; restore ddb addr into de-reg

        ld    (hl),e          ; hl-reg now has dmap ddb-entry addr
        inc   hl              ; pnt to where high byte goes
        ld    (hl),d          ; finish storing ddp addr in dmap

        ld    hl,2              ; offset into ddb
        add   hl,de            ; add in base address of ddb
        ld    a,(sdhdsd)      ; store sdhdsd in pdrv of ddb
        ld    (hl),a            ; for when do blk move fm. ddb -> ddcon
        ret

;-----
; RESTORE FLOPPY HEADS
;-----

```

frestore:

```

ld    a,(sdhdsd)      ; get physical drive to do restore on
out   (fdsd),a        ; send it to floppy controller

call  tstrdy          ; test it drive is ready
ret   nz              ; return if user abort

di                ; disable console interupts
ld    a,frst          ; load floppy restore at proper stp rte
out   (fcmd),a        ; send restore command
in    a,(fwait)       ; wait until command finished executing
ei

xor   a               ; set track vec to indicate at trk0
call  settkv
ret

;-----
; SEEK TRACK IN A-REG
;-----

fseek:
ld    b,a             ; track to seek passed in a-reg
call  tstrdy          ; wait for drive to become ready
ret   nz              ; return w nz-flay set if user abort
ld    a,b              ; move trk no bk to a, (tstrdy uses a)

fseekntst:
di                ; disable console interupts for disk io
out   (fdata),a      ; load trk to sek into data register
ld    a,fsek           ; load a-reg w seek cmd
out   (fcmd),a        ; tell controller to seek the track

call  delay            ; must delay 28 us before reading stat
in    a,(fwait)        ; wait until done with seek
in    a,(fstat)        ; read floppy staus register
and   018h             ; check for crc and/or seek error
ei                ; return w. nz set if error

ret

;-----
; WRITE A SECTOR TO FLOPPY
;-----

fwrtsec:
in    a,(fstat)        ; first check if write protected
bit   6,a              ; if bit 6 of stat =1, then protected
jr    nz,wrtpro         ; tell user if protected

ld    c,fdata           ; destination port
ld    hl,hstbuf          ; source starting address

di                ; dont want to be intr or will lose dta
ld    a,fwrt            ; start write by sending command

```

```

        out  (fcmd),a          ; tell ctrler to wrt sec
        call delay              ; mak sure wait 28 us before stat rd
fwrtlp:
        in   a,(fwait)         ; check if in floppy interrupt
        or   a                  ; interrupt is bit 7 of fwait, 0=active
        jp   p,fwrtout         ; if zero then no more data 1=nactive
        outi                      ; else send dta, inc buf addr
        jr   fwrtlp             ; loop until done

fwrtout:
        in   a,(fstat)          ; read status for errors
        and  a                  ; set nz flg if no errors
        ei
        ret

wrtpro:
        ld   de,wpptomsg       ; pass write prot msg in de to dskerr
        call dskerr             ; call rout to prn msg and wait for cio
        jr   z,fwrtsec          ; try again if user didnt type ctrl-c
        ret                     ; else return w nz flg set

;-----
; READ A SECTOR FROM FLOPPY
;-----

frdsec:
        ld   c,fdata            ; destination port
        ld   hl,hstbuf           ; source starting address

        di
        ld   a,frd               ; disable console interrupts
        out (fcmd),a             ; start read by sending command
        call delay               ; tell ctrler to read sector
        ; mak sure wait 28 us before rding stat
frdlp:
        in   a,(fwait)           ; wait until ctrler rdy to snd dta
        or   a                  ; check if interrupt active
        jp   p,frdout            ; if bit 7 =0, then inter active
        ini                         ; else rd dta, increment buff addr
        jr   frdlp               ; loop until interupt =0

frdout:
        in   a,(fstat)           ; check for any errors
        and  a                  ; set nz-flag if errors
        ei
        ret

;-----
; READ FLOPPY TRACK ID
;-----

frdadadr:
        ld   c,fdata            ; data port to get data from
        ld   hl,trkid             ; data buffer to put data

```

```

di          ; dont want an interrupt and lose data
ld  a,frda   ; floppy read address command
out (fcmd),a ; send command to controller
call delay    ; must wait 28ms before reading stat
frdalp:
in  a,(fwait) ; check if done with read
or  a         ; bit 7 is set if done, fpy ctr intr
jp  p,frdax   ; exit loop if done
ini          ; read data into buffer
jr  frdalp    ; loop until done
frdax:
in  a,(fstat) ; get status and check for errors
and 018h      ; check if seek or crc error
ei           ; we can enable interrupts now

ret

;-----
; TEST IF FLOPPY DRIVE IS READY
;-----

tstrdy:
ld  a,0d0h      ; reset floppy controller
out (fcmd),a   ; set status reg to current state

call delay      ; must delay before reading status

ld  a,(sdhdsd) ; test if 8 inch drive
bit 4,a        ; bit 4 =0 if 8", bit 4 =1 if 5"
ld  de,0ffffh  ; set up time out counter
jr  z,tready   ; skip index pulse tests if 8 in. drv

ld  hl,tstnidx ; test for no index pulse if 5 in. drv
tstnidx:
in  a,(fstat)  ; check no idx to make sure dsk in drv
bit 1,a        ; bit 1 =1 if index detected
jr  nz,decde   ; decrement counter if index found

ld  hl,tstidx  ; test for index pulse if 5 in. drv
tstidx:
in  a,(fstat)  ; check for an index pulse
bit 1,a        ; bit 1 on status is =0 if no index
jr  z,decde    ; dec time out counter if no index yet

tready:
ld  hl,tstrdx  ; test for drive ready 8-5 in. drv
tstrdx:
in  a,(fstat)  ; get floppy status
bit 7,a        ; test not ready bit in status
ret  z          ; return if not ready bit =0

decde:
call delay     ; delay even move before decrement

```

```

dec    de          ; decrement counter in de-reg
ld     a,d         ; check if counter is zero
or     e           ; or high - low byte together
jr     z,notready ; jump if time out error
jp     (hl)        ; jump to tstridx, tstidx or tstrdx

notready:
    ld    de,nrdymsg   ; pass disk err actual error msg
    call  dskerr       ; display msg and drv on console
    jr    z,tstrdy     ; retry if user didn't type ctrl-c
    ret

;-----
; FLOPPY DISK ERROR
;-----

dskerr:
    ld    hl,bioerr   ; point to general bios error message
    call  pmsg         ; display message on console

    ld    a,(sekdrv)  ; display most recently sel drive
    add   a,041h       ; adjust to ascii
    call  pchar        ; disp drv (won't be right if flushing
    ; buf fm dif drv)

    ex    de,hl        ; exact error msg addr passed in de
    call  pmsg         ; display this msg on console

    push bc
    call  conin        ; wait for user to type a character
    pop   bc
    ;

    cp    003h         ; check if ctrl-c typed
    jr    z,diskerr    ; jmp ovr retry if ctrl-c

    xor   a            ; set z-flag
    ld    a,0d0h        ; reset floppy controller
    out   (fcmd),a     ; return to retry command
    ret

diskerr:
    and  0ffh         ; if here, ctrl-c entered
    ld   a,rtrys-1    ; set nz-flag
    ld   (rtcnt),a     ; don't do any retries

    ret

;-----
; PRINT MESSAGE ON CONSOLE
;-----

pmsg:
    ld   a,(hl)        ; enter with hl pointing to msg
    cđ   '$'           ; dollar sign is msg ending

```

```

call pchar           ; pass char to print a
inc hl              ; inc msg pointer
jr nz,pmsg          ; loop until $ found
ret

;-----
; PRINT CHARACTER ON CONSOLE
;-----

pchar:
    push hl          ;
    push de          ;
    push bc          ;
    push af          ;
    ld   c,a          ;
    call nz,conout   ;
    pop  af          ;
    pop  bc          ;
    pop  de          ;
    pop  hl          ;
    ret

;-----
; RESET LOGIN VECTOR
;-----

rstlvec:
    ld   hl,logvec    ; set hl to logvec base addr
    ld   b,16          ; set b-reg to # entrys in logvec
lveclp:
    ld   (hl),0ffh    ; reset logvec entry
    inc  hl            ; increment entry no.
    djnz lveclp
    ret

;-----
; UPDATE TRACK VECTOR
;-----

settkv:
    ld   hl,trkvec
    ld   de,(sekdrv)
    ld   d,0
    add  hl,de
    ld   (hl),a
    ret

;-----
; GET DPH ADDRESS FROM DRIVE MAP
;-----

getdph:
    ld   hl,(smapadr)   ; get logical drive base addr in dmap
    inc  hl              ; inc past drive type entry

```

```

inc  hl          ; inc past physical drive no. entry
ld   e,(hl)      ; put low byte of dph addr in e
inc  hl          ; inc to high byte
ld   d,(hl)      ; put high byte of dph addr in d
ex   de,hl       ; return w dph addr in hl

ret

;-----
; GET DDB ADDRESS FROM DRIVE MAP
;-----

getddb:
    ld   hl,(smapadr)      ; logical drive base addr in in dmap
    ld   de,4              ; ddb addr for ldrv is 4 bytes down
    add  hl,de             ; add in offset
    ld   e,(hl)            ; fetch low byte of ddb addr
    inc  hl                ; inc pointer
    ld   d,(hl)            ; fectch high byte of ddb addr
    ex   de,hl             ; return w ddb addr in hl
    ret

;-----
; DELAY 28u SECONDS AT 6 mhz
;-----

delay:
    ld   a,3              ; initialize loop counter
delaylp:
    ex   (sp),hl           ; 19 cycles
    ex   (sp),hl           ; 19 cycles
    dec  a                 ; 4 cycles
    jr   nz,delaylp        ; 10 cycles = 52 cyc = 8.7 @ 6 mhz
    ret

;-----
; SHIFT RIGHT 16
;-----

shfr16:
    and  a                  ; shift de reg right a-reg times
shfrlp:
    ret  z
    srl  d                  ; shift msb first, bit 0 into carry
    rr   e                  ; rotate carry into bit 7 lsb
    dec  a                  ; decrement shift counter
    jr   shfrlp             ; loop until finished

;-----
; SHIFT LEFT 16
;-----

shfl16:
    and  a                  ; shift de-reg left a-reg times

```

```

shfllp:
    ret    z
    sla    e          ; shf lsb first, c = bit 7, bit 0 = 0
    rl     d          ; shf msb, bit 0 = carry
    dec    a          ; decrement shift counter
    jr     shfllp      ; loop until a-reg eq zero

;-----
; COMPARE 16-BIT DE AND HL REG
;-----

cmp16:
    ld     a,e        ; compare e-reg w. l-reg
    xor   l            ; xor will zero accum. if e = l
    ret   nz           ; return if not equal
    ld     a,d        ; compare d-reg w. h-reg
    xor   h            ; set zero flag if same
    ret

;-----
; DATA STORAGE
;-----

bioerr: db 0dh,0ah,'Bios Err on $'

nrdymsg: db ': Drive Not Ready$'
wpmsg: db ': Write Protected Disk$'

lastdrv: db 0ffh
lasthd:   db 0ffh
dmaadr:   dw 0080h       ; dma address storage
rtcnt:    db 0           ; retry counter

logvec:   ds 16,0ffh      ; drive login vector
trkvec:   ds 16,0ffh      ; current head position on drive

sekvars:              ; seek variables

seksec:   dw 0           ; seek sector
smapadr: dw 0           ; seek drive drive-map address
sekdrv:   db 0           ; seek logical drive
sekprv:   db 0           ; seek physical drive
sektrk:   dw 0           ; seek track

dhd:     db 0           ; deblocked head
dsec:    db 0           ; deblocked sector
dadrv:   dw 0           ; deblocked buffer address
dblck:   dw 0           ; deblocked block no. in cylinder
dblsec:   db 0           ; deblocked host sector no. in block

dbconst:              ; deblocking constants (calc in ddb)
secsiz:   dw 0           ; host sector size
sdhdsd:   db 0           ; hd - shd ; fpy - dsd
pdrv:    db 0           ; physical drive

```

```

hdoff:      db 0          ; head offset
stprte:     db 0          ; cmd reg step rate
hstspt_1:   db 0          ; host sector per track
hstspb_1:   db 0          ; host sectors per block
hdshf:      db 0          ; log2 cpm spt
blkshf:     db 0          ; log2 cpm spb
hdmsk:      db 0          ; heads - 1
secshf:     db 0          ; log2 cpm sps
cpmsps_1:   db 0          ; cpm sps - 1

hstvars:           ; host drive variables

hmapadr:dw 0          ; host drive drive-map address
hstlrv:  db 0          ; last logical drive operated on
hstprv:  db 0          ; physical drive
hstrrk:  dw 0          ; track (equiv to cylinder)
hsthdd: db 0          ; head
hstsec:  db 0          ; sector
hstadr:  dw 0          ; buffer address
hstblk:  dw 0          ; block no. in current cylinder
blksec:  db 0          ; host sector no. in block
hstsiz:  dw 0          ; physical sector size
hstsdh:  db 0          ; sdh register sector size setting

wrtpnd:   db 0          ; write pending (host buffer active)
wrttyp:   db 0          ; write type (0=use, 1=dir, 2=free)

oper: db 0            ; operation (0=write, 1=read)

trkid:           ; track id buffer for read address cmd
trkno:  db 0          ; track number
sideno: db 0          ; side number
secno:  db 0          ; sector number
seclen: db 0          ; sector size 0,1,2,3
crc1: db 0            ; crc code 1
crc2: db 0            ; crc code 2

;-----
-----;
;          DRIVE PARAMETER DEFINITIONS
;-----
-----;
; dskdef <drvtyp0, drvtyp1, ... ,drvtypm>
;-----
-----;

dskdef      <f8,f8,f548,f596>

;-----
; BUFFERS FOR INTERRUPT CONSOLE I/O
;-----

```

```

        if      intrin
outptri: db 0
inpri:     db    0
        endif

        if      introut
inptro:     db    0
outptro: db 0
        endif

        if      intrin
tmplen      defl  ((-$start) mod inbfsz)

        if      tmpalen
ds      inbfsz-tmpalen
        endif

inpbuff:
ds      inbfsz
        endif

        if      introut
tmplen      defl  ((-$start) mod outbfsz)

        if      tmpalen
ds      outbfsz-tmpalen
        endif

outbuf:    ds      outbfsz
        endif

        if      ints
ds      20           ; local stack for interrupt routines
locstk:
svstk:    ds      2           ; stack pointer storage area
        endif

;-----
; COLD BOOT INITIALIZATION
;-----

coldboot:

;-----
; INITIALIZE BAUD RATE ON SUPER SIX
;-----

        in      a,(015h)          ; this should not affect SUPER QUAD
        and    07fh              ; read baud switchs, mask off #dsk sds
        out    (018h),a           ; send it to baud set port

;-----
; INITIALIZE HARD DISK STEP RATES
;-----

```

```

ld    hl,drvmap-6      ; drive map base addr - 6
ld    de,6              ; entry size in drive map
ld    a,16d             ; drive counter

chkhd:
add   hl,de            ; point to next entry in dmap
push  hl               ; save dmap pointer
push  de               ; save entry size
push  af               ; save ldrv counter

ld    a,(hl)            ; load a-reg w. drv type, zero = hard
and   a                 ; set zero flag if hard

jr    nz,nextdrv       ; jump if not hard disk

inc   hl               ; select physical drive from dmap
ld    b,(hl)            ; next entry in dmap is pdrv
sla   b                ; shift it over to bits 3 and 4
sla   b                ; for sdh reg setting
sla   b                ;

inc   hl               ; put ddb address in d & e-reg
inc   hl               ; last entry / entry in dmap is ddb adr
inc   hl               ; hl points to ddb address of drive
ld    e,(hl)            ; load d & e-reg w. ddb address
inc   hl               ; point to high byte
ld    d,(hl)            ; put it in d

ld    hl,2              ; sdh reg setting is 2nd entry in ddb
add   hl,de            ; add in sdh offset to ddb addr
ld    a,(hl)            ; get sdh value
or    b                ; or in physical drive no
out   (hsdh),a          ; send result to hdc-1001

xor   a                ; clear cylinder no. registers
out   (hcylhi),a        ; first high
out   (hcyllow),a        ; then low

ld    hl,5              ; offset into ddb for step rate
add   hl,de            ; add in base address of ddb
ld    a,(hl)            ; move step rate into a-reg
add   a,070h             ; or in command to restore
out   (hcmd),a          ; send restore w. proper stp rte
call  polbsy

nextdrv:
pop   af               ; restore registers
pop   de               ; these reg contain values need
pop   hl               ; in hdc initialization loop
dec   a                ; decrement drive no count
jr    nz,chkhd          ; loop until done w. all 16 drives

```

```

    iæ     ints

;-----
; SET UP SIO CHANNELS
;-----

    ld    hl,isioa           ; initalize SIO channel A
    ld    bc,isioal*256+1
    otir

    ld    hl,isiob           ; initalize SIO channel B
    ld    bc,isiobl*256+3
    otir

    ld    hl,serinttbl        ; initialize interrupt vector
    ld    a,h
    ld    i,a
    im    2

    endif

    xor   a                  ; initialize iobyte, disk, and user
    ld    (iobyte),a          ; iobyte =0
    ld    (cdisk),a          ; disk = user =0

    ld    hl,signon
    call  pmsg

    ld    a,(wboota+2)        ; warm boot vector
    add   a,6
    srl   a
    srl   a                  ; A=memory size in K
    call  twodec             ; get ASCII digits for memory size
    push  bc
    ld    c,b
    call  conout
    pop   bc
    call  conout

    ld    hl,sign2
    call  pmsg

    lä   a,(contbl+1@          ; defaulô console
    add   a,031h                ; make 1-2
    ld    c,a
    call  conout

    ld    hl,prnmsg
    call  pmsg

    ld    A,(lsttbl+1)
    cp    2

```

```

jr    c,serprn

ld    hl,parprn
call  pmsg
jr    lastmsg
serprn:
push  af
ld    hl,serpmgs
call  pmsg
pop   af
add   a,031h
ld    c,a
call  conout
lastmsg:
ld    hl,sign3
call  pmsg
jp    wboot

;-----
; CONVERT A-REG < 100 TO TWO ASCII DIGITS IN BC
;-----

twodec:
ld    bc,0ff0ah
nxtten:
inc   b
sub   c
jr    nc,nxtten
add   a,c
add   a,030h
ld    c,a
ld    a,030h
add   a,b
ld    b,a
ret

;-----
; COLD BOOT SIGNON MESSAGES
;-----

signon:
dâ    0dh,0ah,'Supeò Bioó v® 2.22',0dh,0ah

if    ints
if    intrin
db    'Typeahead '
endif

if    intrin and introu
db    'and '
endif

if    introu
db    'Buffered output '

```

```

        endif

        db      'installed',0dh,0ah
        endif          ;ints

        db      0dh,0ah,'$'

sign2:    db      'K CP/M 2.2 installed',0dh,0ah,0ah
        db      'Default console is serial port $'

prnmsg:   db      0dh,0ah,'Default printer is $'

parprn:   db      'parallel printer driver$'

serpmsg:
        db      'serial port $'

sign3:    db      0dh,0ah,0ah,'$'

        if      ints
;-----
; INITIALIZATION TABLES FOR SIO DEVICES
;-----

;-----
; CHANNEL A
;-----

ISIOA:
        DB      018H          ; channel reset
        DB      001H          ; write reg 1

        if      intrin and introu
        DB      01AH          ; Int on all recv and tx char
        else
        if      introu
        DB      002H          ; Int on tx ready
        else
        DB      018H          ; Int on all recv char (no parity)
        endif
        endif

        DB      003H          ; write reg 3
        DB      0C1H          ; Rx 8-bit char, Rx enable
        DB      004H          ; write reg 4
        DB      044H          ; X16 clock, 1 stop bit
        DB      005H          ; write reg 5
        DB      0EAH          ; DTR, Tx 8-bit char, Tx enable, RTS
        DB      000H          ; read reg 0
ISIOAL   EQU    $-ISIOA           ; length of sequence

;-----
; CHANNEL B
;-----

```

```
ISIOB:  
    DB 018H      ; channel reset  
    DB 001H      ; write reg 1  
    DB 004H      ; Status affects interrupt vector  
    DB 002H      ; write reg 2  
    DB LOW(serinttbl-start) ; Interrupt vector table start  
    DB 003H      ; write reg 3  
    DB 0C1H      ; Rx 8-bit char, Rx enable  
    DB 004H      ; write reg 4  
    DB 044H      ; X16 clock, 1 stop bit  
    DB 005H      ; write reg 5  
    DB 0EAH      ; DTR, Tx 8-bit char, Tx enable, RTS  
    DB 000H      ; read reg 0  
ISIOBL EQU $-ISIOB           ; length of sequence  
  
endif  
  
end
```